

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF COMMERCE & INDUSTRY
(DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE)

LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 474
TO BE ANSWERED ON 01st DECEMBER, 2021

DUES TO EXPORTERS

474. SHRI VENKATESH NETHA BORLAKUNTA:
SHRI PASUNOORI DAYAKAR:
SHRIMATI KAVITHA MALOTHU:
DR. G. RANJITH REDDY:

Will the Minister of **COMMERCE & INDUSTRY** (वाणिज्य एवं उद्योग मंत्री) be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is true that the Government is going to clear Rs. 56,000 crore dues to exporters under various Government schemes;
- (b) if so, the details of schemes under which Government owes to exporters and how many MSME exporters are going to be benefited therefrom;
- (c) the details of exporters from Telangana whose dues have to be cleared; and
- (d) the efforts being made by the Ministry to achieve the target of exporting US \$ 400 billion in 2021-22?

ANSWER

वाणिज्य एवं उद्योग मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्रीमती अनुप्रिया पटेल)

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY
(SMT. ANUPRIYA PATEL)

- (a) & (b) Government has released Rs 56,027 crore in order to clear pending export incentive dues to exporters, which is for various Schemes namely: Merchandise Exports from India Scheme (MEIS) - Rs 33,010 crore, Service Exports from India Scheme (SEIS) - Rs 10,002 crore, Rebate of State and Central Taxes and Levies (RoSCTL) - Rs 5,286 crore, Rebate of State Levies (RoSL) - Rs 330 crore, Remission of Duties and Taxes on Exported Products (RoDTEP) - Rs 2,568 crore and other legacy Schemes like Target Plus Scheme (TPS), Focus Product Scheme (FPS) etc. - Rs 4,831 crore. This includes support for exports made under RoDTEP and RoSCTL Schemes during the 4th quarter of FY 2020-21. It is estimated that such benefits would be disbursed to more than 45,000 exporters, out of which around 98% may fall in the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSME) category.
- (c) Clearance of dues under these Schemes is dependent on meeting the eligibility criteria by the applicant exporter, whose applications are scrutinized for any deficiency. The process of approval of complete applications under these Schemes varies. In certain Schemes, such

as MEIS, ROSCTL and ROSL, online applications are largely system approved, whereas for SEIS, TPS, FPS online applications require manual scrutiny and examination of documents. Accordingly the detail of exporters' dues state-wise is not maintained.

- (d) To reach the target, some of the key schemes/interventions taken by the Government are:
- i. The Foreign Trade Policy 2015-20 has been extended upto 31.03.2022 to provide a stable regime during the COVID-19 pandemic, wherein Schemes such as the Advance Authorization Scheme and the Export Promotion Capital Goods (EPCG) Scheme are being implemented to enable duty free import of raw materials and capital goods for export production.
 - ii. Remission of Duties and Taxes on Exported Products (RoDTEP) Scheme has been introduced with a budget of Rs 12,454 crore for FY 2021-22.
 - iii. Rebate of State and Central Levies and Taxes (RoSCTL) Scheme for apparel and made-up exports has been extended till March 2024 with existing rates.
 - iv. Transport and Marketing Assistance (TMA) scheme for specified agriculture products is being implemented to provide assistance for the international component of freight and marketing of agricultural produce and to promote brand recognition for Indian agricultural products in the specified overseas markets.
 - v. A common digital platform for Certificate of Origin (CoO) has been launched to increase Free Trade Agreement (FTA) utilization by exporters.
 - vi. Monthly monitoring of exports for 200 countries and 31 commodity groups is being done.
 - vii. Under the aegis of "Azadi Ka Amrit Mahotsav", Vanijya Saptah was celebrated during 21-26th September 2021 to reach out to members of industry, exporters, association and State/Union Territory Governments for awareness and interaction on exports and various export related issues.
 - viii. In order to leverage full export potential, districts are being promoted as Exports Hubs by identifying products and services with export potential of each district.
 - ix. Exports of services is being supported through negotiating meaningful market access through multilateral, regional and bilateral trade agreements and through participation in and organization of international fairs/exhibitions like the Global Exhibition on Services.
 - x. An 'Action Plan for Champion Sectors in Services' to give focused attention to identified Champion Services Sectors through identified nodal Ministries/Departments is also in place.
 - xi. Assistance is being extended to exporters under the Market Access Initiative (MAI) scheme for various activities such as export market research, product development, product registration, organizing / participating in fairs, exhibitions and Buyer Seller Meets (BSMs) abroad, Reverse Buyer Seller Meets etc.
 - xii. In order to have a coordinated and focused attention on development of export infrastructure, a working group on infrastructure up-gradation has been constituted under National Committee on Trade Facilitation (NCTF) and a National Trade Facilitation Action Plan (NTFAP) has been formulated. This includes measures for improving road and rail connectivity to ports and smart gates at sea ports.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF COMMERCE & INDUSTRY
(DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE)

LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 478 (H)
TO BE ANSWERED ON 01st DECEMBER, 2021

NEIA SCHEME

478(H). SHRI PARBATBHAI SAVABHAI PATEL:
SHRI NARANBHAI KACHHADIYA:

Will the Minister of **COMMERCE & INDUSTRY** (वाणिज्य एवं उद्योग मंत्री) be pleased to state:

- (a) the purpose of National Export Insurance Account Scheme (NEIA);
- (b) whether the Government has accorded approval for continuance of the scheme and has approved financial aid for more than five years;
- (c) if so, the details thereof;
- (d) whether districts of the States are given incentives to work as export hubs under the scheme; and
- (e) if so, the districts of Gujarat that will be given/ have been given incentives?

ANSWER

वाणिज्य एवं उद्योग मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्रीमती अनुप्रिया पटेल)

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY
(SMT. ANUPRIYA PATEL)

- (a) The National Export Insurance Account (NEIA) Trust aims to ensure the availability of credit risk cover for projects and other high-value exports, which are desirable from the point of view of national interest, but which ECGC is unable to underwrite due to capacity constraints or at terms, which are different from its regular policies. NEIA provides additional support to the insurance cover provided by ECGC for project exports making Indian project exporters more competitive and gain a stronger foothold in various jurisdictions, highlighting India's capabilities to execute large projects abroad.
- (b) Yes, Sir. Government has approved financial aid for the period from 2021-22 to 2025-26 to NEIA Trust.

- (c) Government has approved Grant-in-aid infusion of Rs.1,650 crore into NEIA Trust during 2021-22 to 2025-26.
- (d) No, Sir.
- (e) In view of the reply at (d) above, question does not arise.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF COMMERCE & INDUSTRY
(DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE)

LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 519 (H)
TO BE ANSWERED ON 01st DECEMBER, 2021

CSR FUND

519(H). SHRI SADASHIV KISAN LOKHANDE:

Will the Minister of **COMMERCE & INDUSTRY** (वाणिज्य एवं उद्योग मंत्री) be pleased to state:

- (a) whether funds have been allocated under CSR (Corporate Social Responsibility) by the Public Sector under takings under the Ministry;
- (b) if so, the details of such undertakings under the Ministry along with head-wise details of areas and the amount of funds spent along with location-wise number of beneficiaries;
- (c) whether the Government has fixed any norms regarding funds to be spent under CSR;
- (d) if so, whether the Government proposes to take effective steps to spend money under CSR, especially in backward and scheduled caste/tribe dominated areas of the country;
- (e) if so, whether scheduled tribe dominated areas particularly Shirdi Parliamentary Constituency of Maharashtra is included/proposed to be included in the scheme; and
- (f) if so, the details thereof?

ANSWER

वाणिज्य एवं उद्योग मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्रीमती अनुप्रिया पटेल)

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY
(SMT. ANUPRIYA PATEL)

(a) Yes Sir, the Central Public Sector Undertakings (CPSUs) under the Ministry have been allocating funds for taking up projects under the framework for CSR (Corporate Social Responsibility), as per the guidelines of Department of Public Enterprises and the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

(b) to (f) The details of total CSR funds allocated and spent on projects head-wise and location-wise during the last three years by CPSUs under the Ministry may be seen at Annexure-I. The location-wise data on number of beneficiaries is difficult to compile for projects like common public utilities, contributions to public welfare funds etc.

Department of Public Enterprises has issued guidelines to all administrative Ministries and CPSUs for adopting a theme based focused approach on CSR expenditure by the CPSUs.

The thrust of CSR spending under many projects is for upliftment of marginalized and under-privileged sections of society, including backward and scheduled caste/tribe dominated areas of the country.

As per CSR provisions in Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') and Companies (CSR Policy) Rules, 2014 notified thereunder, the management of CPSUs may decide to undertake CSR activities, as per the eligible activities listed in Schedule-VII of the Act, in any part of the country, including for socio-economic development and welfare of backward and scheduled caste/tribe dominated areas etc.

1. MMTC Ltd.

Year	Amount of CSR Spent (Rs. in Lakhs)	State (Location-wise)	Main Sector/ Development Area (Head-wise)
2018-19	125.4	Odisha, Rajasthan, Andhra Pradesh, Jharkhand and Delhi	Healthcare, Nutrition & Promoting Education, Rural Welfare, Skill Development & Livelihood.
2019-20	173	Rajasthan, Uttar Pradesh and Delhi	Construction of new waiting hall for Maternity and Child Health (MCH), Swachh Bharat, National Mission of clean Ganga, Skill Development, Healthcare, Social Welfare, Skill Development, Promoting Education & Nutrition, PM CARES Fund
MMTC incurred losses during FY 2019-20 and 2020-21. Accordingly, the CSR budget calculated in accordance with the Section 198 of Companies Act-2013 i.e. average of 2% of net profit of preceding 3 years is 'negative'. As such, the company has not undertaken any new CSR project during the years 2020-21 and 2021-22.			

2. State Trading Corporation of India Ltd. (STC Ltd.)

Year	Amount of CSR Spent (Rs. in Lakhs)	State (Location-wise)	Main Sector/ Development Area (Head-wise)
2019-20	1.40*	Pan India	Contribution towards PM CARES Fund
* Carry forward amount from previous financial year. The company had posted average net loss since financial year 2015-16, hence it was not mandated to allocate CSR fund for CSR activities for subsequent years. However, the then ongoing projects were continued on the basis of 'carry forward budget' of previous years.			

3. India Trade Promotion Organisation (ITPO)

Year	Amount of CSR Spent (Rs. in Lakhs)	State (Location-wise)	Main Sector/ Development Area (Head-wise)
2018-19	300.5	Pan India, Bihar, Delhi, Odisha and Andhra Pradesh	Swachh Bharat Kosh, Clean Ganga Fund, Awareness Programmes on Govt. Schemes, Promotion of Indian Culture and Heritage, Promotion of Solar Energy, Social Welfare, Education, Environment, Skill Development, Education to Tribal Students, Development of Araku Constituency for education and health for tribal population
2019-20	441	Pan India, Delhi/NCR, Uttar Pradesh, Chhattisgarh, Rajasthan, Maharashtra, Odisha, Gujarat, Haryana and Jharkhand	PM Cares Fund, Swachh Bharat Kosh, Construction of Toilets for Students by Garv Toilets, Electronic Sanitary Napkin Vending Machine and Sanitary Napkin Disposal Machine for Girl students, Skill Development Programme for persons with Disabilities, Promotion of Education, Ashram Shala for ST Students, Promotion of Art and Culture
<p>The Board of ITPO after detailed discussion, decided that the CSR activity for the year 2020-21 and onwards will be kept in abeyance till the financial position of the company improves.</p> <p>The pending unexecuted work for the ongoing projects undertaken in the financial year 2019-20 or before should be completed as per the approval of the Board. No new work out of the earlier approved projects needs to be initiated with the approval of CMD, ITPO.</p>			

4. Karnataka Trade Promotion Organisation (KTPO)

Year	Amount of CSR Spent (Rs. in Lakhs)	State (Location-wise)	Main Sector/ Development Area (Head-wise)
2018-19	30.00	Karnataka	Swachh Bharat Abhiyan
2019-20	12.00	Karnataka	Promotion of Health
2020-21 CSR amount Rs. 23.16 lakhs have been reserved and spend in due course of time.			

5. Tamilnadu Trade Promotion Organisation (TNTPO)

Year	Amount of CSR Spent (Rs. in Lakhs)	State (Location-wise)	Main Sector/ Development Area (Head-wise)
2018-19	56.38	Pan India, Tamil Nadu	Swachh Bharat, contribution to Clean Ganga Fund and construction of toilets
2019-20	65.41	Pan India, Tamil Nadu	Swachh Bharat, contribution to Clean Ganga, Social Welfare, Development of Aspirational Districts
<p>The Board of TNTPO advised to postpone the CSR expenditure for the year 2020-21 due to the occurrence of revenue loss in the pandemic situation considering the Revised Estimate for the year 2020-21. In accordance with the sub section 6 of the section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, TNTPO opened a separate bank account in the name of “TNTPO-Unspent Corporate Social Responsibility Account” in Indian Bank, Valasarawakkam Branch, Chennai on 28.09.2021 by depositing an amount of Rs. 73.10 lakhs.</p>			

6.ECGC Ltd.

Year	Amount of CSR Spent (Rs. in Lakhs)	State (Location-wise)	Main Sector/ Development Area (Head-wise)
2018-19	675.37	Maharashtra, Madhya Pradesh, Tamil Nadu, Dadra & Nagar Haveli, Uttar Pradesh, Rajasthan, Pan India, Kerala, West Bengal, Delhi	Promotion of Education, Healthcare, Skill Development, Sanitation, Promotion of Rural sport, Promotion and Preservation of Indian music, Swacch Bharat, Kerala Flood Reliefe and Impact Assessment Study
2019-20	1182.51	Maharashtra, Madhya Pradesh, Tamil Nadu, Assam, Arunachal Pradesh, Odisha, Delhi, Uttar Pradesh, Karnataka, Pan India, Rajasthan	Promotion of Education, Healthcare, Social Welfare, Sanitation, Skill Development, Providing Solar Lamps and PM CARES Fund
2020-21	725.26	Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, North East, Odisha, Tamil Nadu, Assam, Pan India and New Delhi	Promotion of Education, Nutrition, Healthcare, Swachha Bharat, Promotion of Health, Social Awareness, Nutrition
2021-22 (up to 31.07.2021)	619.78	Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, North East, West Bengal, Karnataka, Uttarakhand, Pan India	Promotion of Education, Nutrition, Healthcare, Swachha Bharat

7. PEC Ltd.

Due to continued average net loss, no fresh funds were allocated towards CSR for financial year 2015-16 onwards and the carried forward funds from previous years were available for CSR activities. The Board of PEC has approved the transfer of said unspent amount of Rs. 25.42 Lakhs to “Prime Minister’s National Relief Fund” in its meeting held on 12th October, 2021 as per the Companies (CSR) Amendment Rules, 2021 dated 22.01.2021.

8. National Industrial Corridor Development Corporation (NICDC) Limited

Year	Amount of CSR Spent (Rs. in Lakhs)	State (Location-wise)	Main Sector/ Development Area (Head-wise)
2018-19	9.44	Maharashtra	Employment Enhancing through skills
2019-20	11.77	Pan India	Prime Minister’s National Relief Fund (PMNRF)
2020-21	11.97	Pan India	Prime Minister’s National Relief Fund (PMNRF)

9. NICDC Neemrana Solar Power Limited

Year	Amount of CSR Spent (Rs. in Lakhs)	State (Location-wise)	Main Sector/ Development Area (Head-wise)
2018-19	11.58	Rajasthan	Promoting Education
2019-20	11.23	Pan India	Prime Minister’s National Relief Fund (PMNRF)
2020-21	2.96	Pan India	Prime Minister’s National Relief Fund (PMNRF)

10. India International Convention and Exhibition Centre Limited

Year	Amount of CSR Spent (Rs. in Lakhs)	State (Location-wise)	Main Sector/ Development Area (Head-wise)
2018-19	-	-	-
2019-20	5.98	Pan India	Swachh Bharat Kosh
2020-21	9.41	Pan India	Swachh Bharat Kosh

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF COMMERCE & INDUSTRY
(DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE)

LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 531
TO BE ANSWERED ON 01st DECEMBER, 2021

IMPORT FROM CHINA

531. SHRI K. NAVASKANI:

Will the Minister of **COMMERCE & INDUSTRY** (वाणिज्य एवं उद्योग मंत्री) be pleased to state:

- the year wise details of imports from China from FY 2014-15 to FY 2021-22;
- the year wise details of exports to China from FY 2014-15 to FY 2021-22;
- whether imports from China have increased during the last seven years;
- if so, the details and reasons thereof;
- whether the exports to China have declined in the last six years;
- if so, the details and the reasons thereof; and
- the steps being taken by the government to increase exports and decrease imports with regard to China?

ANSWER

वाणिज्य एवं उद्योग मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्रीमती अनुप्रिया पटेल)

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY
(SMT. ANUPRIYA PATEL)

(a) to b): The trade data of India's exports to and imports from China from FY 2014-15 to FY 2021-22 is as under:

(Values in USD Billion)

	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22 (Apr-Sept)
Import	60.41	61.71	61.28	76.38	70.32	65.26	65.21	42.33
Export	11.96	9.01	10.17	13.33	16.75	16.61	21.19	12.26
Total trade	72.37	70.72	71.45	89.71	87.07	81.87	86.4	54.59
Trade deficit	48.45	52.7	51.11	63.05	53.57	48.65	44.02	30.07

(Source: DGCIIS)

(c) to d): The imports from China have increased from USD 60.41 billion in 2014-15 to USD 65.21 billion in 2020-21, exhibiting an increase of 7.94% over 6 years. However, the imports were static between 2019-20 & 2020-21. The major items of import from China are products such as telecom instruments, computer hardware and peripherals, fertilizers, electronic components/ instruments, project goods, organic chemicals, drug intermediates, consumer electronics, electrical machinery etc. Many of these imported items are used for meeting the demand of fast expanding sectors like telecom and power in India. Some of our imports from China like the Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients (APIs) and drug formulations provide the Indian pharma industry raw material for producing finished goods which are also exported out of India. The details of India's imports from China, principal commodity wise and value wise during the last seven years and the current year is given in Annexure-I.

(e) to (f): The exports from India to China have increased from USD 11.96 billion in 2014-15 to USD 21.19 billion in 2020-21, exhibiting an increase of 77.17% in 6 years.

(g) The Government of India has made sustained efforts to achieve a more balanced trade with China, including bilateral engagements to address the non-tariff barriers on Indian exports to China. The Government has also launched schemes such as Production Linked Incentive Schemes (PLIs) to promote domestic manufacturing capacities in critical sectors such as Key Starting Materials/Drug Intermediates, Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients apart from electronic components & mobiles, white goods (ACs and LEDs), Specialty Steel, Drones and Drone Components etc. These schemes will promote domestic manufacturing capacities and attract investment and reduce dependency on imports from China.

Annexure-I

The details of India's imports of major commodity groups from China from FY 2014-15 to FY 2020-21 and 2021-22 (till September 2021) is as follows:

SL NO	MAJOR COMMODITY GROUPS	IMPORT FROM CHINA IN MILLION USD								
		2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2020-21 (APR-SEP)	2021-22 (APR-SEP)
1	COTTON RAW AND WASTE	0.01	0.01	0.05	0.10	0.37	8.07	0.02	0.00	0.00
2	VEGETABLE OIL	0.25	0.40	0.37	0.63	0.46	0.56	0.22	0.07	0.20
3	PULSES	72.34	61.44	64.81	58.11	47.86	51.58	46.36	24.92	18.13
4	FRUITS AND VEGETABLES	89.48	74.31	176.95	85.13	33.27	48.41	36.69	13.21	15.93
5	PULP AND WASTE PAPER	16.42	14.98	19.65	17.95	21.00	24.34	20.84	10.74	14.00
6	TEXTILE YARN FABRIC, MADEUP ARTICLES	849.27	869.65	745.28	992.62	923.52	895.03	700.60	228.92	406.01
7	FERTILISERS, CRUDE AND MANUFACTURED	3154.73	3268.09	1250.68	1072.58	2053.29	1820.93	1551.23	704.83	1735.00
8	SULPHUR AND UNROASTED IRON PYRITS	0.11	0.13	0.10	0.24	0.27	0.21	0.13	0.05	0.06
9	METALIFERROUS ORES AND OTHER MINERALS	263.55	213.28	243.13	272.96	476.15	261.54	238.42	93.36	169.98
10	COAL, COKE AND BRIQUETTES, ETC.	423.63	364.40	402.79	642.52	698.89	160.32	20.71	9.63	180.55
11	PETROLEUM, CRUDE AND PRODUCTS	315.82	306.34	213.11	313.84	302.27	340.44	183.63	94.44	212.97
12	WOOD AND WOOD PRODUCTS	680.31	637.41	697.74	932.58	803.99	784.43	525.75	209.13	316.12
13	LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	211.94	223.47	224.32	265.67	256.90	236.49	114.30	37.57	72.38
14	ORGANIC AND INORGANIC CHEMICALS	4079.65	3752.95	3562.40	4750.20	5781.19	5197.64	5693.70	2733.36	4040.77
15	DYEING/TANNING/ COLOURING MTRLS.	631.54	554.58	560.10	751.13	759.89	779.54	775.01	301.96	496.01
16	ARTIFICIAL RESINS, PLASTIC MATERIALS, ETC.	2085.81	2080.03	2270.30	2945.48	3227.06	3165.79	2741.78	970.36	2133.03
17	CHEMICAL MATERIAL AND PRODUCTS	1609.39	1477.09	1658.57	2230.65	2592.04	2467.49	2721.34	1305.61	1716.11
18	NEWSPRINT	26.19	0.15	0.00	0.01		0.00	0.01		
19	PEARLS, PRECIOUS AND SEMI-PRECIOUS STONES	31.19	45.11	45.76	107.61	64.11	61.24	45.20	11.97	31.45
20	IRON AND STEEL	4101.53	3541.11	2576.56	3090.72	3153.45	2706.35	2208.84	976.34	1356.10
21	NON-FERROUS METALS	1606.37	1352.35	1363.75	1657.52	2131.10	1855.26	1460.08	548.76	903.85
22	MACHINE TOOLS	645.33	645.45	727.52	1014.96	1142.81	1026.74	1109.88	388.19	711.73
23	MACHINERY, ELECTRICAL AND NON-ELECTRICAL	7390.79	8045.51	8395.95	10354.11	11135.68	10865.44	10220.49	3889.29	5839.41
24	TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT	3029.43	3173.47	3653.34	3758.57	2721.66	2470.58	2374.43	886.13	1384.86
25	PROJECT GOODS	1449.33	994.11	763.00	609.54	553.28	438.28	347.92	178.94	101.59

26	PROFESSIONAL INSTRUMENT, OPTICAL GOODS, ETC.	469.13	477.83	525.70	807.30	815.93	758.15	930.46	421.25	955.89
27	ELECTRONIC GOODS	19727.01	22678.65	24731.24	31975.18	22737.47	21374.09	23936.27	10144.80	15291.87
28	MEDCNL. AND PHARMACEUTICAL PRODUCTS	2280.57	2337.53	2018.78	2251.84	2630.56	2562.85	2903.41	1432.51	1764.07
29	GOLD	35.70	24.18	28.37	76.53	12.59	0.00			
30	SILVER	1141.02	384.51	440.69	326.31	321.53	46.26	51.76	47.88	4.27
31	OTHERS	3995.33	4109.44	3922.02	5018.10	4921.05	4852.68	4252.76	1710.90	2461.44
TOTAL IMPORT FROM CHINA		60413.17	61707.95	61283.03	76380.70	70319.64	65260.75	65212.25	27375.10	42333.77

(Source: DGCIS)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF COMMERCE & INDUSTRY
(DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE)

LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 553
TO BE ANSWERED ON 01st DECEMBER, 2021

EPCs

553. SHRI RAJESHBHAI CHUDASAMA:

Will the Minister of **COMMERCE & INDUSTRY** (वाणिज्य एवं उद्योग मंत्री) be pleased to state:

- (a) the details and the number of Export Promotion Councils (EPCs) that have been created by the Ministry?
- (b) the kind of work that has been done by these EPCs during the last five years? and
- (c) whether there has ever been any audit of their performance and if so, the details thereof?

ANSWER

वाणिज्य एवं उद्योग मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्रीमती अनुप्रिया पटेल)

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY
(SMT. ANUPRIYA PATEL)

- (a) to (c): Export Promotion Councils (EPCs) are organizations of exporters, set up under the Societies Registration Act/ Companies Act, with the objective of promoting Indian exports. The councils are responsible for promotion of a particular group of products/ projects/services as given in Appendix 2T of the Foreign Trade Policy (FTP) 2015-2020. The list of 14 such EPCs affiliated to the Department of Commerce is at **Annexure**. Regular joint meetings with the councils to facilitate interactions with exporters and to assess performance of the councils are held. The accounts of the councils are subject to mandatory audit. The review reports of performance of the councils are laid in the Parliament along with Annual Report each year.

Annexure to Lok Sabha Unstarred Q. No. 553

LIST OF EXPORT PROMOTION COUNCILS AFFILIATED TO DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

1. Basic Chemicals, Cosmetics & Dyes Export Promotion Council (Chemexcil), Mumbai
2. Cashew Export Promotion Council of India (CEPCI), Kollam, Kerala
3. Chemical and Allied Products Export Promotion Council (Capexil), Kolkata
4. Council for Leather Exports (CLE), Chennai
5. EEPC India, Kolkata
6. Export Promotion Council for EoUs and SEZs (EPCES), New Delhi
7. Gem & Jewellery Export Promotion Council (GJEPC), Mumbai
8. Indian Oilseeds & Produce Export Promotion Council (IOPEPC), Mumbai
9. Pharmaceuticals Export Promotion Council (Pharmexcil), Hyderabad
10. Plastics Export Promotion Council (Plexconcil), Mumbai
11. Project Export Promotion Council (PEPC), New Delhi
12. Services Export Promotion Council (SEPC), New Delhi
13. Shellac & Forest Products Export Promotion Council (Shefexil), Kolkata
14. Sports Goods Export Promotion Council (SGEPC), New Delhi

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF COMMERCE & INDUSTRY
(DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE)

LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 555
TO BE ANSWERED ON 01st DECEMBER, 2021

EXPORT—ORIENTED PRODUCTION CLUSTERS

555. SHRI RAHUL GANDHI:

Will the Minister of **COMMERCE & INDUSTRY** (वाणिज्य एवं उद्योग मंत्री) be pleased to state:

- (a) whether export-oriented production clusters are proposed to be established in Wayanad parliamentary constituency under the Agriculture Export Policy and if so, the details thereof, including the status of implementation;
- (b) the details of the initiatives are being undertaken to strengthen infrastructure and logistics for promotion of agricultural export in Wayanad parliamentary constituency;
- (c) whether any assistance has been provided to Kerala under the Trade Infrastructure for Export Scheme for establishment of Spice Parks and if so, the details thereof;
- (d) the details of the measures are being taken by the Government to ensure the effective participation of small and medium farmers in the production clusters;
- (e) whether any initiatives are being undertaken by the Government to promote the export of indigenous and tribal products; and
- (f) if so, the details thereof, including programs being undertaken in Kerala?

ANSWER

वाणिज्य एवं उद्योग मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्रीमती अनुप्रिया पटेल)

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY
(SMT. ANUPRIYA PATEL)

- (a) Wayanad district has been identified as a cluster under the Agriculture Export Policy for development and promotion of exports of three products viz. Banana, Turmeric and Pepper under Agri Export Policy (AEP). District level Cluster Facilitation Committee has been constituted under the chairmanship of District Collector to oversee the development of cluster. Initial rounds of meetings with the stakeholders have been conducted. The State Nodal agency, Vegetable and Fruit Promotion Council Keralam (VFPCCK) has organized the Capacity building program for the concerned stakeholders in the Banana Cluster comprising Wayanad, Thrissur and Thiruvananthapuram. Spices Board is coordinating with State Agriculture /

Horticulture Departments of Kerala and has provided technical support in preparing the Action Plan and a document related to good agricultural practices for various crops.

Under the District as Export Hub initiative Malabar Pepper, Banana, Wayanad Jeerakasala Rice, Wayanad Gandhakasala Rice, Wayanaad Robusta Coffee, Spice products, Tea and Coffee have been identified as the products with export potential for Wayanad district of Kerala.

(b) APEDA has provided financial assistance of Rs. 430.92 lakhs to Vegetable and Fruit Promotion Council Keralam (VFPCCK) under APEDA infrastructure scheme for establishment of Vegetables & fruits packhouse at Wayanad. Packhouse at Wayanad has become operational in the year 2016-17.

(c) Spices Board has established a Spices Park at Puttady in Idukki district of Kerala. However, no assistance under Trade Infrastructure for Export Scheme (TIES) has been provided for establishment of Spices Parks in Kerala.

(d) to (f) The Agricultural & Processed Food Products Export Development Authority (APEDA) has set up a Regional Office in Kochi in May 2021. APEDA has been working closely with the district officials of these clusters and other stakeholders to sensitize the farmers to enhance the quality of the produce for export purposes. Following initiatives have been taken:

- Sensitization Programme for SC/ST FPOs in the State of Kerala was organised virtually on 26th June 2021.
- Interactive meeting with FPO's of Kerala to identify the issues in exporting their potential products on 13th August 2021.
- Interactive meeting with exporters & Farmers/FPOs of Rice exports was organised on 8th September 2021.
- A virtual capacity building program was organized by APEDA in association with Department of Agriculture, Govt. of Kerala, Department of Industries & Commerce, Govt. of Kerala, Kerala Agricultural University, NABARD, NAFED, SFAC & VFPCCK for FPOs/Cooperative societies/farmers of Kerala on 26th September 2021.
- Organised a farmer-scientists interface on GI-Tagged rice varieties in association with Kerala Agricultural University, Thrissur to emphasize the export-oriented production of GI tagged rice varieties in Kerala on 12th October 2021.
- A sensitisation programme on APEDA's new financial assistance schemes 2021-22 to 2025-26 was organised on 17th November 2021 in Ernakulam and on 19th November 2021 in Thiruvananthapuram.
- Sensitisation meetings/programs have been organized in the Banana cluster in association with State departments, SAUs, KVKs, NABARD for identification of progressive Farmer groups and strengthening the export linkage of FPOs/FPCs.
- The FPOs formed under the clusters are concentrating on induction of small and marginal farmers who constitute a majority in the farmers in Kerala. Export production protocol for banana has been developed by National Research Centre for Banana (NRCB) and is being disseminated among the farmers to ensure availability of export quality produce.

Spices Board has also established a field office in Kalpetta of Wayanad District for implementation of various programs for post-harvest management and quality improvement of Pepper, turmeric and other spices. The Board is implementing Post Harvest Improvement programs, viz, Supply of Pepper threshers, Turmeric boilers & polishers etc, at a subsidized rate to the pepper and turmeric growers and also providing quality improvement training and extension advisory services to the stakeholders for improving the quality of pepper and turmeric for export.

Under a joint venture by the ICAR-National Research Centre on Banana, Tiruchirappalli, Tamil Nadu and Vegetable and Fruit Promotion Council Keralam, Kochi, Kerala, The ICAR-NRC on Banana imparted hands-on-training to the Banana farmers from Thrissur District on the scientific cultivation of Nendran following Good Agricultural Practices to produce export quality Nendran Bananas. Consignments of Nendran Bananas have been exported to UK and Singapore. APEDA has also facilitated exports of value added products of Jackfruit and Passion Fruit.

Spices Board is implementing a Project 'Integrated Development of Small Cardamom in Aranamala Tribal Settlement of Wayanad district in Kerala during the period from 2020 to 2022, with support from Dept of Tribal Development, Govt of Kerala. The project with components such as area expansion , Installation of spice Curing Device, Quality Improvement Training programs (QITP), Extension Advisory support, Exposure Visits etc aims to benefit capacity building of 32 tribal families in Aranamala Tribal, with a financial outlay of Rs 11.71 lakh.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF COMMERCE & INDUSTRY
(DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE)

LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 564
TO BE ANSWERED ON 01st DECEMBER, 2021

SPECIAL PRODUCTS OF DISTRICTS

564. SHRIMATI POONAMBEN MAADAM:

Will the Minister of **COMMERCE & INDUSTRY** (वाणिज्य एवं उद्योग मंत्री) be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Government is considering to expand the outreach of special products of districts in India and across the world;
- (b) if so, the details thereof including the locations -products are identified so far, state-UT-wise, including Gujarat;
- (c) whether any other initiatives under 'Vocal for Local' has been taken by the Government; and
- (d) if so, the details thereof?

ANSWER

वाणिज्य एवं उद्योग मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्रीमती अनुप्रिया पटेल)

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY
(SMT. ANUPRIYA PATEL)

Annexure.

District wise list of Identified Products and Services

S.No	State	Name of the District	Products/Services identified with Export Potential
	Andhra Pradesh		
	Assam		

	Andaman & Nicobar Islands		
	Chandigarh		
	Daman, Diu, Dadra & Nagar Haveli		
	Delhi		
	Jammu & Kashmir		

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF COMMERCE & INDUSTRY
(DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE)

LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 575
TO BE ANSWERED ON 01st DECEMBER, 2021

IMPORT OF TEA

575. DR. PRITAM GOPINATHRAO MUNDE:
SHRI CHANDRA SEKHAR SAHU:
SHRI RAHUL RAMESH SHEWALE:
SHRI GIRISH BHALCHANDRA BAPAT:

Will the Minister of **COMMERCE & INDUSTRY** (वाणिज्य एवं उद्योग मंत्री) be pleased to state:

- (a) whether there have been cases where substandard tea are being imported and distributed in India;
- (b) if so, the details of various such cases reported during each of the last three years;
- (c) the details of tea import of the country during each of the last three years along with the names of the countries from where such tea is coming;
- (d) the details of the action taken by the Government against the persons involved in such export;
- (e) whether the Union Government has issued any guidelines, directions to check such illegal import and protect Indian tea manufacturers; and
- (f) if so, the details in this regard?

ANSWER

वाणिज्य एवं उद्योग मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्रीमती अनुप्रिया पटेल)

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY
(SMT. ANUPRIYA PATEL)

- (a) & (b) : Six cases were detected by the Tea Board where the imported teas were found to be non-compliant with the FSSAI-specified parameters. The Tea Board seized and destroyed the teas. The details of such cases during each of the last three years are given below:

Year	Number of Cases	Quantity of imported tea (Kg.) seized	Name of country from which teas were imported
2018	3	1,970	Nepal
2019	3	3,600	Nepal
2020	Nil	Nil	--
Total	6	5,570	

(c) : The details of country-wise import of tea during the last three years are given at Annexure.

(d) to (f) : The Tea Board has issued instructions on 11.11.2021 directing all importers and buyers of tea to ensure that origin of imported tea to be mentioned in all their sale invoices and not to pass off imported tea as teas of Indian origin. All distributors and blenders of tea have been directed that the label should clearly indicate on the packaging that the contents of the blended Tea are imported, giving the source of origin of Imported tea irrespective of whether the imported tea has been bought directly or through an intermediary. All importers importing teas into India for distribution in India shall inform about the place of storage of such imported tea to the nearest Tea Board Office within 24 hours of entry of such teas into India. The tea buyers have been directed not to blend imported tea with teas of Darjeeling/Kangra/Assam (Orthodox)/Nilgiri (Orthodox).

Food Safety and Standards Authority of India (FSSAI) and field formations of Customs are enforcing the provisions related to rule of origin, Sanitary and Phytosanitary certificates issued by appropriate authorities at point of entry.

Annexure

COUNTRY WISE IMPORT OF TEA DURING LAST 3 YEARS

(in Million Kgs.)

Country	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
ARGENTINA	0.93	1.57	0.77
CHINA	0.37	0.31	0.53
GERMANY	0.03	0.03	0.09
INDONESIA	0.07	0.60	1.30
IRAN	0.76	0.02	0.06
JAPAN	0.01	-	-
KENYA	1.74	3.06	9.50
MALAWI	0.36	0.47	0.24
MALAYSIA	0.05	0.04	0.00
MOZAMBIQUE	0.00	0.04	0.55
MYANMAR	0.00	0.02	0.02
NEPAL	16.05	7.29	10.74
RWANDA	-	-	0.08
SINGAPORE	1.38	-	-
SOUTH AFRICA	-	-	0.04
SRI LANKA	0.16	0.45	0.39
TAIWAN	0.02	0.02	-
TANZANIA	0.32	0.32	0.33
TURKEY	-	0.12	0.02
U.A.E	0.00	0.03	0.07
U.S.A	0.43	0.02	0.19
UGANDA	-	-	0.05
UNITED KINGDOM	0.71	0.22	0.33
VIETNAM	0.25	0.86	2.22
ZIMBABWE	0.58	0.05	0.18
AUSTRALIA	-	-	0.05
TOTAL	24.22	15.54	27.75

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF COMMERCE & INDUSTRY
(DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE)

LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 584
TO BE ANSWERED ON 01st DECEMBER, 2021

EXPORT OF GRAINS

584. SHRI KHAGEN MURMU:

Will the Minister of **COMMERCE & INDUSTRY** (वाणिज्य एवं उद्योग मंत्री) be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Government agrees with the view that it must create storage facilities at the district level and ensure the supply lines to facilitate speedy movement of grains for export, and also that it must also work on the diplomatic front to ward off the pressure tactics of European countries to discourage our export;
- (b) if so, the details of the initiatives taken/being taken by the Government keeping in mind that area specific crops should be encouraged with government support of quality seeds, fertilizers and guidance by the experts to meet the international export standard of commodities; and
- (c) if not, the reasons therefor?

ANSWER

वाणिज्य एवं उद्योग मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्रीमती अनुप्रिया पटेल)

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY
(SMT. ANUPRIYA PATEL)

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The Department of Commerce is implementing Trade Infrastructure for Export Scheme (TIES), under which assistance is provided for creating infrastructure for exports, including storage facilities required for export of grains. The Agricultural & Processed Products Export Development Authority (APEDA) also provides assistance for creation of export related infrastructure under its export promotion scheme.

Ensuring that our agriculture exports meet the requirements of importing countries is a continuous process. APEDA regularly holds outreach and capacity building programmes to educate farmers and other stakeholders on measures required to meet specific requirements of importing countries for various products. Mandatory testing and traceability systems have also been put in place for specific products and specific markets to ensure that requirements of the importing countries are met.

Some sanitary and phytosanitary measures in the form of setting very low Maximum Residue Level (MRL) of different chemical substances in agri products have been put in place by European Union (EU). The Government has been taking up this issue with EU in all bilateral discussions and pressing for setting MRLs based on scientific risk assessment and international standards such as CODEX etc.

(c) Does not arise in view of (a) and (b) above.

**LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 597
TO BE ANSWERED ON 01st DECEMBER, 2021**

RUBBER PRODUCTION

COMMERCE & INDUSTRY (वाणिज्य एवं उद्योग मंत्री)

ANSWER

वाणिज्य एवं उद्योग मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्रीमती अनुप्रिया पटेल)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF COMMERCE & INDUSTRY
(DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE)

LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 611
TO BE ANSWERED ON 01st DECEMBER, 2021

TEA BRANDING

611. SHRI PALLAB LOCHAN DAS:

Will the Minister of **COMMERCE & INDUSTRY** (वाणिज्य एवं उद्योग मंत्री) be pleased to state:

- (a) the details of the mechanism of Tea Branding in the country;
- (b) whether it is a fact that Assam and West Bengal tea is being mixed with tea of other countries and are then sold in the market;
- (c) if so, the details thereof; and
- (d) the total tea exported and imported the Government during the last three years including cost at which the tea have been imported, country wise data?

ANSWER

वाणिज्य एवं उद्योग मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्रीमती अनुप्रिया पटेल)
THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY
(SMT. ANUPRIYA PATEL)

- (a) : Tea Board promotes Indian Tea as a brand and its various varieties such as Darjeeling, Assam, Nilgiri, Sikkim, Kangra, Dooars-Terai and Tripura through various platforms i.e. Tea Board website, social media, promotional programs, Buyer Seller Meets, awareness campaign, Indian Missions abroad wherein a detailed description of uniqueness/characteristics & health benefits of Indian teas are displayed. Branding of Indian Tea and its varieties is also done through various stakeholders of Tea Industry. Tea Board has obtained GI (Geographical Indication) for three different unique regional teas namely, Darjeeling, Assam (Orthodox) and Nilgiri (Orthodox) for premium teas of India. Further, in order to strengthen the identity of Indian tea, the Tea Board has registered logos for Indian Tea as well as other teas viz., Assam, Nilgiri, Dooars -Terai, Tripura and Sikkim.

(b) & (c) : Teas are allowed to be imported into India. The percentage of tea import to total domestic production is about 2%, which is mainly meant for re-export after value addition including blending. The Tea Board has issued instructions on 11.11.2021 directing not to blend imported tea with teas of Darjeeling (West Bengal)/Kangra/Assam (Orthodox)/Nilgiri (Orthodox).

(d): The Government of India does not export or import tea.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF COMMERCE & INDUSTRY
(DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE)

LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 672
TO BE ANSWERED ON 01st DECEMBER, 2021

NIRYAT BANDHU SCHEME

672. DR. HEENA GAVIT:
DR. SUJAY RADHAKRISHNA VIKHE PATIL:
DR. SHRIKANT EKNATH SHINDE:
SHRI UNMESH BHAIYYASAHEB PATIL:
SHRI DHAIRYASHEEL SAMBHAJIRAO MANE:

Will the Minister of **COMMERCE & INDUSTRY** (वाणिज्य एवं उद्योग मंत्री) be pleased to state:

- (a) whether progress has been made so far in achieving the objectives under Niryat Bandhu Scheme;
- (b) the details of funds allocated, sanctioned and disbursed during the past five years and the current year for the purpose, State/Union Territory wise, specially for Maharashtra;
- (c) the details of the entrepreneurs benefitted during the last five years, State/Union Territory wise; and
- (d) the future action plan of the Government for further encouraging the entrepreneurs of India if so, the details thereof and if not, the reason therefor?

ANSWER

वाणिज्य एवं उद्योग मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्रीमती अनुप्रिया पटेल)

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY
(SMT. ANUPRIYA PATEL)

(a): The Directorate General of Foreign Trade (DGFT) is implementing the Niryat Bandhu Scheme for mentoring new and potential exporter on foreign trade through counseling, training and outreach programmes in partnership with various stakeholders. The Scheme has benefitted around 1.15 Lakh Entrepreneurs since its inception in 2013.

(b) & (c): Niryat Bandhu Scheme has been allocated Rs. 5.45 Crore in last 5 years (2016-17 to 2020-21). An amount of Rs. 4.04 Crore has been utilized during this period and 65,184

entrepreneurs have benefitted from the training and outreach activities undertaken under the Scheme. Fund allocation & utilisation for the last 5 years is as under.

Financial Year	Allocation (Rupees in Lakhs)	Expenditure (Rupees in Lakhs)
2016-2017	100	98.52
2017-2018	100	96.97
2018-2019	200	99
2019-2020	95	73.05
2020-2021	50	36.92
TOTAL	545	404.46

For the current year 2021-22 Rs. 4.48 Crores have been allocated under the Scheme.

The details of fund allocation, utilization and entrepreneurs benefitted State/Union Territory wise under the Niryat Bandhu Scheme is at Annexure I.

(d): Niryat Bandhu Scheme has been extended for period of five years from 2021-22 to 2025-26 with enhanced objectives and components.

Annexure I

Statement referred to in reply of part (b) and (c) of Lok Sabha Unstarred question no. 1276 for answer on 01st December 2021

The details of fund allocation, utilization and entrepreneurs benefitted State/Union Territory and Financial Year wise under the Niryat Bandhu Scheme are as follows:

Table 1: For FY 2016-17

Sr. No.	States/UTs	DGFT Regional Authority (RA) having jurisdiction of State(s)/UTs	FY 2016-17		
			Fund Sanctioned to RA (In Rs.)	Fund Utilized (In Rs.)	Number of Entrepreneurs Benefitted
1	Andhra Pradesh	RA Visakhapatnam	86,000	86,000	458
2	Assam, Meghalaya, Arunachal Pradesh, Mizoram, Nagaland and Manipur	RA Guwahati	40,000	990	NA
3	UT of Delhi, Uttarakhand, UP (Districts under CLA Jurisdiction) and Haryana(Gurugram and Faridabad)	RA Delhi	2,56,000	2,56,000	775
4	Gujarat	RA Vadodara	85,065	85,065	1,261
5		RA Ahmedabad	1,86,000	1,86,000	NA
6		RA Rajkot	2,21,000	2,21,000	1,350
7		RA Surat	1,36,000	1,36,000	1,945
8	Haryana	RA Panipat	1,71,000	1,71,000	240
9	Karnataka	RA Bangalore	1,86,000	1,86,000	380
10	Kerala and UT of Lakshadweep	RA Kochi	2,37,000	2,37,000	378
11	Madhya Pradesh	RA Bhopal/Indore	1,86,000	1,86,000	882
12	Maharashtra, Goa, Chattisgarh and UT of Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu	RA Nagpur	86,000	86,000	218
13		RA Pune	1,86,000	93,000	600
14		RA Mumbai	1,36,000	1,36,000	420
15	Punjab, Uttarakhand and Himachal Pradesh	RA Ludhiana	86,000	86,000	720

16	Rajasthan	RA Jaipur	1,71,000	1,71,000	1,207
17	Tamil Nadu & UT of Puducherry	RA Coimbatore	1,36,000	1,28,017	456
18		RA Chennai	1,86,000	1,86,000	1,223
19	Telangana	RA Hyderabad	1,36,000	77,395	390
20	UT of Jammu & Kashmir and UT of Ladakh	RA Jammu & RA Srinagar	71,000	70,323	252
21	Uttar Pradesh	RA Kanpur	1,36,000	1,36,000	569
22		RA Varanasi	1,36,000	1,34,295	347
23	Persons trained through online Massive Online Open Course (MOOC) by DGFT in coordination with IIFT	DGFT Hqr	38,40,000	38,40,000	353
		TOTAL	70,96,065	67,09,085	14,071

Table 2: For FY 2017-18

Sr. No.	States/UTs	DGFT Regional Authority (RA) having jurisdiction of State(s)/UTs	FY 2017-18		
			Fund Sanctioned to RA (In Rs.)	Fund Utilized (In Rs.)	Number of Entrepreneurs Benefitted
1	Andhra Pradesh	RA Visakhapatnam	96,000	76,511	387
2	Assam, Meghalaya, Arunachal Pradesh, Mizoram, Nagaland and Manipur	RA Guwahati	1,43,000	1,43,000	NA
3	UT of Delhi, Uttarakhand, UP (Districts under CLA Jurisdiction) and Haryana(Gurugram and Faridabad)	RA Delhi	3,70,000	3,70,000	491
4	Gujarat	RA Vadodara	1,90,980	1,90,980	220

5		RA Ahmedabad	2,86,000	2,85,968	NA
6		RA Rajkot	2,86,000	2,80,904	2,300
7		RA Surat	1,36,000	1,36,000	2,125
8	Haryana	RA Panipat	1,50,000	80,000	168
9	Karnataka	RA Bangalore	1,36,000	1,36,000	510
10	Kerala and UT of Lakshadweep	RA Kochi	2,33,000	2,33,000	314
11	Madhya Pradesh	RA Bhopal/Indore	1,86,000	1,73,279	439
12	Maharashtra, Goa, Chattisgarh and UT of Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu	RA Nagpur	2,86,000	2,86,000	351
13		RA Pune	2,86,000	2,86,000	670
14		RA Mumbai	2,38,000	2,38,000	746
15	Punjab, Uttarakhand and Himachal Pradesh	RA Ludhiana	1,36,000	1,36,000	546
16	Rajasthan	RA Jaipur	1,68,000	1,68,000	1,270
17	Tamil Nadu & UT of Puducherry	RA Coimbatore	1,36,000	1,36,000	495
18		RA Chennai	1,90,000	1,90,000	885
19	Telangana	RA Hyderabad	83,000	83,000	500
20	UT of Jammu & Kashmir and UT of Ladakh	RA Jammu & RA Srinagar	15,000	14,952	87
21	Uttar Pradesh	RA Kanpur	1,36,000	1,36,000	611
22		RA Varanasi	1,36,000	1,24,053	313
23	West Bengal, Sikkim, Bihar, Odisha, Tripura, Jharkhand, UT of Andaman and Nicobar	RA Kolkata	1,80,104	1,80,104	566
24	Persons trained through online Massive Online Open Course (MOOC) by	DGFT Hqr	46,74,000	46,74,000	388

	DGFT in coordination with IIFT				
		TOTAL	88,77,084	87,57,751	13,994

Table 3: For FY 2018-19

Sr. No.	States/UTs	DGFT Regional Authority (RA) having jurisdiction of State(s)/UTs	FY 2018-19		
			Fund Sanctioned to RA (In Rs.)	Fund Utilized (In Rs.)	Number of Entrepreneurs Benefitted
1	Andhra Pradesh	RA Visakhapatnam	1,52,000	78,878	798
2	Assam, Meghalaya, Arunachal Pradesh, Mizoram, Nagaland and Manipur	RA Guwahati	1,88,000	1,88,000	NA
3	UT of Delhi, Uttarakhand, UP (Districts under CLA Jurisdiction) and Haryana(Gurugram and Faridabad)	RA Delhi	2,26,000	2,26,000	760
4	Gujarat	RA Vadodara	1,10,000	1,10,000	358
5		RA Ahmedabad	1,76,000	1,76,000	NA
6		RA Rajkot	2,26,000	2,26,000	1,100
7		RA Surat	1,26,000	1,26,000	2,344
8	Haryana	RA Panipat	1,16,000	61,907	124
9	Karnataka	RA Bangalore	9,26,000	4,15,100	720

10	Kerala and UT of Lakshadweep	RA Kochi	2,00,000	2,00,000	305
11	Madhya Pradesh	RA Bhopal/Indore	1,76,000	1,76,000	598
12	Maharashtra, Goa, Chattisgarh and UT of Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu	RA Nagpur	1,36,000	1,36,000	244
13		RA Pune	1,76,000	1,76,000	710
14		RA Mumbai	2,28,000	2,28,000	555
15	Punjab, Uttarakhand and Himachal Pradesh	RA Ludhiana	1,42,000	1,42,000	660
16	Rajasthan	RA Jaipur	1,38,000	1,38,000	600
17	Tamil Nadu & UT of Puducherry	RA Coimbatore	1,26,000	1,18,319	493
18		RA Chennai	1,76,000	1,76,000	750
19	Telangana	RA Hyderabad	1,16,000	1,00,856	600
20	UT of Jammu & Kashmir and UT of Ladakh	RA Jammu & RA Srinagar	56,920	56,920	81
21	Uttar Pradesh	RA Kanpur	1,26,000	1,26,000	473
22		RA Varanasi	1,26,000	99,011	155
23	West Bengal, Sikkim, Bihar, Odisha, Tripura, Jharkhand, UT of Andaman and Nicobar	RA Kolkata	2,17,902	2,17,902	601
24	Persons trained through online Massive Open Course (MOOC) by DGFT in coordination with IIFT	DGFT Hqr	35,15,000	35,15,000	137
		TOTAL	79,01,822	72,13,893	13,029

Table 4: For FY 2019-20

Sr. No.	States/UTs	DGFT Regional Authority (RA) having jurisdiction of State(s)/Uts	FY 2019-20		
			Fund Sanctioned to RA (In Rs.)	Fund Utilized (In Rs.)	Number of Entrepreneurs Benefitted
1	Andhra Pradesh	RA Visakhapatnam	2,50,000	67,954	456
2	Assam, Meghalaya, Arunachal Pradesh, Mizoram, Nagaland and Manipur	RA Guwahati	3,60,000	1,80,000	120
3	UT of Delhi, Uttarakhand, UP (Districts under CLA Jurisdiction) and Haryana(Gurugram and Faridabad)	RA Delhi	7,78,000	7,78,000	1,180
4	Gujarat	RA Vadodara	1,70,000	1,70,000	403
5		RA Ahmedabad	5,72,000	5,21,639	NA
6		RA Rajkot	3,18,000	2,98,000	640
7		RA Surat	3,20,000	3,19,975	1,352
8	Haryana	RA Panipat	3,02,000	94,969	136
9	Karnataka	RA Bangalore	5,86,000	3,16,107	1,200
10	Kerala and UT of Lakshadweep	RA Kochi	2,22,500	2,22,500	341
11	Madhya Pradesh	RA Bhopal/Indore	3,68,000	2,73,959	463
12	Maharashtra, Goa, Chattisgarh and UT of Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu	RA Nagpur	3,20,000	1,60,084	562
13		RA Pune	3,70,000	3,65,490	750
14		RA Mumbai	6,92,000	6,34,700	791

15	Punjab, Uttarakhand and Himachal Pradesh	RA Ludhiana	5,92,000	4,84,733	524
16	Rajasthan	RA Jaipur	1,76,000	1,54,000	452
17	Tamil Nadu & UT of Puducherry	RA Coimbatore	2,30,000	2,29,793	348
18		RA Chennai	6,92,000	6,92,000	2,293
19	Telangana	RA Hyderabad	4,92,000	4,14,257	800
20	UT of Jammu & Kashmir and UT of Ladakh	RA Jammu & RA Srinagar	98,000	98,000	160
21	Uttar Pradesh	RA Kanpur	2,50,000	1,85,990	522
22		RA Varanasi	2,50,000	2,12,105	237
23	West Bengal, Sikkim, Bihar, Odisha, Tripura, Jharkhand, UT of Andaman and Nicobar	RA Kolkata	5,69,396	5,69,396	1,005
24	Persons trained through online Massive Online Open Course (MOOC) by DGFT in coordination with IIFT	DGFT Hqr	13,73,000	13,73,000	149
		TOTAL	1,03,50,896	88,16,651	14,884

Table 5: For FY 2020-21

Sr. No.	States/Uts	DGFT Regional Authority (RA) having jurisdiction of State(s)/Uts	FY 2020-21		
			Fund Sanctioned to RA (In Rs.)	Fund Utilized (In Rs.)	Number of Entrepreneurs Benefitted
1	Assam, Meghalaya, Arunachal Pradesh, Mizoram, Nagaland and Manipur	RA Guwahati	2,00,000	2,00,000	NA

2	UT of Delhi, Uttarakhand, UP (Districts under CLA Jurisdiction) and Haryana(Gurugram and Faridabad)	RA Delhi	1,07,000	1,07,000	975
3	Gujarat	RA Vadodara	70,000	69,170	180
4		RA Surat	1,02,000	80,576	234
5	Karnataka	RA Bangalore	50,000	50,000	860
6	Kerala and UT of Lakshadweep	RA Kochi	35,000	35,000	69
7	Maharashtra, Goa, Chattisgarh and UT of Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu	RA Pune	Nil	Nil	900
8		RA Mumbai	8,97,400	Nil	60
9	Punjab, Uttarakhand and Himachal Pradesh	RA Ludhiana	2,90,000	2,61,376	300
10	Tamil Nadu & UT of Puducherry	RA Coimbatore	15,000	15,000	64
11		RA Chennai	1,16,000	1,16,000	650
12	Telangana	RA Hyderabad	1,50,000	1,03,373	200
13	UT of Jammu & Kashmir and UT of Ladakh	RA Jammu & RA Srinagar	Nil	Nil	118
14	Uttar Pradesh	RA Kanpur	Nil	Nil	225
15	West Bengal, Sikkim, Bihar, Odisha, Tripura, Jharkhand, UT of Andaman and Nicobar	RA Kolkata	1,80,000	1,80,000	225
16	Persons trained through online Massive Online Open Course (MOOC) by DGFT in coordination with IIFT	DGFT Hqr	22,74,600	22,74,600	332
		TOTAL	44,87,000	34,92,095	5,392

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF COMMERCE & INDUSTRY
(DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE)

LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 675
TO BE ANSWERED ON 01st DECEMBER, 2021

POLLUTER PAYS PRINCIPLE

675. SHRI KURUVA GORANTLA MADHAV:
SHRI TALARI RANGAIAH:
SHRI SANJAY KAKA PATIL:
SHRI ADALA PRABHAKARA REDDY:

Will the Minister of **COMMERCE & INDUSTRY** (वाणिज्य एवं उद्योग मंत्री) be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Government has introduced the Polluter Pays Principle in the text of the negotiations at WTO for the fisheries sector;
- (b) if so, the details thereof; and
- (c) the steps taken by India to safeguard the interest of domestic fisheries sector against the heavily subsidized high sea fishing by developed countries?

ANSWER

वाणिज्य एवं उद्योग मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्रीमती अनुप्रिया पटेल)

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY
(SMT. ANUPRIYA PATEL)

(a) to (c): Yes Sir. On 23 September, 2021 India has introduced a document at the WTO containing 'Polluter Pays' principle for fisheries subsidies negotiations. It proposes a moratorium on subsidies by distant water fishing nations for fishing and fishing related activities beyond their Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ) and also seeks reduction commitments on distant water fishing capacity by these nations.

In these negotiations, India has also sought policy space to support low income, resource-poor or livelihood fishing or fishing related activities up to our EEZ, to develop and modernize our fisheries sector and for expanding our fishing activities in the high seas.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF COMMERCE & INDUSTRY
(DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE)

LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 677
TO BE ANSWERED ON 01st DECEMBER, 2021

EXPORT INSURANCE

677. SHRI MANICKAM TAGORE B.:

Will the Minister of **COMMERCE & INDUSTRY** (वाणिज्य एवं उद्योग मंत्री) be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is true that the Government has approved an infusion of more than Rs.6,000 crore to entities providing export insurance cover to facilitate additional exports worth in excess of Rs.5.6 lakh crore over the next five years;
- (b) if so, the details thereof;
- (c) whether it is also true that the Government has also approved the listing of State run Export Credit Guarantee Corporation on the stock exchanges and if so, the details thereof;
- (d) whether it is a fact that the Government aims to create an additional 62 lakh jobs with these measures; and
- (e) if so, the details thereof?

ANSWER

वाणिज्य एवं उद्योग मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्रीमती अनुप्रिया पटेल)

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY
(SMT. ANUPRIYA PATEL)

(a): Yes Sir.

(b): The details are as below:

- (i) Government has approved capital infusion of Rs.4,400 crore into ECGC during the period from 2021-22 to 2025-26.
- (ii) Government has approved Grant-in-aid infusion of Rs.1,650 crore into National Export Insurance Account (NEIA) Trust during 2021-22 to 2025-26.
- (iii) Capital infusion in ECGC will increase its capacity to underwrite risks up to Rs.88,000 crore and this will enable ECGC to issue covers that can support additional exports of Rs.5.28 lakh crore over the five-year period in line with the existing pattern. With the Grant-in Aid infusion in the NEIA Trust, it will be able to support project exports worth up to Rs.33,000 crore. Cumulatively, an additional export of Rs.5.61 lakh crore over the next five years are likely to be facilitated by the approval.

(c): Yes Sir. Department of Investment and Public Asset Management (DIPAM) is in the process of implementing the Government's decision.

(d): Yes Sir.

(e): As per the report on 'Export to Jobs' published by World Bank and International Labour Organisation in February 2019, ₹5.28 lakh crore of additional exports (estimated support by ECGC) will lead to formalization of 2.6 lakh workers. The total number of workers (both formal and informal) will increase by 59 lakhs as per the report. Further, Rs. ₹33,000 Crore of additional exports (estimated support by NEIA) will help create 2.6 lakh new jobs, including around 12,000 in formal sector. Thus, the total additional jobs, in both formal and informal sectors, that can be created over the next five years are estimated to be 61.6 lakh.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF COMMERCE & INDUSTRY
(DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE)

LOK SABHA
STARRED QUESTION NO. 46
TO BE ANSWERED ON 01st DECEMBER, 2021

ANTI-DUMPING DUTY

*46. SHRI RAVIKUMAR D.:

Will the Minister of **COMMERCE & INDUSTRY** (वाणिज्य एवं उद्योग मंत्री) be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Directorate General of Trade Remedies (DGTR) has observed the need for imposing anti-dumping duty on goods and services that are imported to protect the local goods and services;
- (b) if so, the details of such observations during the past five years;
- (c) whether all such observations by DGTR have been implemented;
- (d) if so, the details thereof;
- (e) if not, the reasons therefor?

ANSWER

वाणिज्य एवं उद्योग मंत्री (श्री पीयूष गोयल)

THE MINISTER OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY
(SHRI PIYUSH GOYAL)

(a) to (e): A Statement is laid on the Table of the House.

**STATEMENT REFERRED TO IN REPLY TO PARTS (a) to (e) OF LOK SABHA
STARRED QUESTION NO. 46 FOR ANSWER ON 01st DECEMBER, 2021
REGARDING “ ANTI-DUMPING DUTY ”.**

(a): The DGTR has recommended to the Central Government (Department of Revenue) imposition of anti-dumping duty on the imports of dumped goods causing injury to the domestic industry. The DGTR carries out anti-dumping investigation in relation to the importation of dumped goods only as provided in the law.

(b): The details of the recommendations to impose or not to impose the anti-dumping duty during the past five years are attached herewith at **Annexure - I**.

(c) & (d): Sir, the details thereof are available in **Annexure - I**.

(e): The DGTR is only a recommendatory body and makes its recommendations to the Central Government based on the facts presented before it and arrived thorough an open and inclusive process. The Department of Revenue comprehensively examines the recommendations taking into account the overall public interest and other relevant conditions like interest of the applicant industry, other Indian producers and downstream user industry for taking a view.

Annexure - I

Findings issued during 2016-17							
S.N.	Product	Countries involved	Investigation	Type	Date of Final Finding	Whether measure recommended by DGTR	Whether measure imposed by DoR
1	Methyl Acetoacetate	China PR and USA	AD	OI	01-04-2016	YES	YES
2	Polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE)	Russia	AD	SSR	12-04-2016	YES	YES
3	Poly Vinyl Chloride Paste Resin	Korea RP, Chinese Taipei, China PR, Malaysia, Thailand, Russia and EU	AD	SSR	26-04-2016	YES	YES
4	Plain medium density fibreboards	Indonesia & Vietnam	AD	OI	05-05-2016	YES	YES
5	1,1,2 Tetrafluoroethane or R-134a	China PR	AD	SSR	30-05-2016	YES	YES
6	Purified Terephthalic Acid	China PR, Iran, Indonesia, Malaysia, Chinese Taipei	AD	OI	09-06-2016	YES	YES
7	PVC flex films	China PR & Korea RP	AD	NSR	29-06-2016	YES	YES
8	PVC flex films	China PR	AD	SSR	30-06-2016	YES	YES
9	Phenol	Japan and Thailand	AD	SSR	01-07-2016	NO	NA
10	Acetone	Japan and Thailand	AD	SSR	04-07-2016	NO	NA
11	Glass fibres and Articles thereof	China PR	AD	SSR	06-07-2016	YES	YES
12	Viscose Staple Fibre excluding Bamboo Fibre	China PR and Indonesia	AD	SSR	08-07-2016	YES	YES
13	Narrow Woven Fabrics	China PR and Chinese Taipei	AD	SSR	22-09-2016	YES	YES
14	Soda Ash	China PR, EU, Kenya, Pakistan, Iran,	AD	MTR	23-09-2016	Terminated	NA

Findings issued during 2016-17

S.N.	Product	Countries involved	Investigation	Type	Date of Final Finding	Whether measure recommended by DGTR	Whether measure imposed by DoR
		Ukraine and USA					
15	Soda Ash	Turkey & Russia	AD	MTR	23-09-2016	YES	YES
16	4,4 Diamini Stilbene 2,2 Disulphonic Acid(DASDA)	China PR	AD	MTR	26-09-2016	YES	YES
17	AA Dry Cell Batteries	China PR and Vietnam	AD	OI	27-09-2016	NO	NA
18	Axle for trailers	China PR	AD	OI	30-09-2016	YES	YES
19	Jute Products	Bangladesh and Nepal	AD	OI	20-10-2016	YES	YES
20	Low Ash Materlurgical Coke	Australia and China PR	AD	OI	20-10-2016	YES	YES
21	Seamless tubes pipes and hollow profiles of iron alloy or non_alloy steel other than cast iron	China PR	AD	OI	09-12-2016	YES	YES
22	Diclofenac Sodium(anti-cirumvention)	China PR	AD	AC	15-02-2017	YES	YES
23	Flexible Slabstock Polyol (FSP)	Thailand	AD	OI	21-02-2017	YES	YES
24	Linear Alkyl Benzene	Iran, Qatar and China PR	AD	OI	06-03-2017	YES	YES
25	Aluminium Foil	China PR	AD	OI	10-03-2017	YES	YES
26	Polytetrafluroethylene(PTFE)(CESTAT remand case)	Russia	AD	SSR	15-03-2017	YES	YES
27	Clear Float Glass	Iran	AD	OI	20-03-2017	YES	YES
28	Aluminium Radiators	China PR	AD	OI	20-03-2017	YES	YES
29	Elastomeric Filament Yarn	China PR, Korea RP, Chinese Taipei and Vietnam	AD	OI	24-03-2017	YES	YES

Findings issued during 2017-18							
S.N.	Product	Countries involved	Investigation	Type	Date of Final Finding	Whether measure recommended by DGTR	Whether measure imposed by DoR
1	Amoxicilin	China PR	AD	OI	03-04-2017	YES	YES
2	Glazed/Unglazed Porcelain/Vitrified Tiles polished or Unpolished finish with less than 3% water absorption	China PR	AD	OI	08-04-2017	YES	YES
3	Cold Rolled Flat products of alloy or non-alloy steel	China PR, Japan, Korea RP, Ukraine	AD	OI	10-04-2017	YES	YES
4	Clear Float Glass	Pakistan	AD	NSR	10-04-2017	YES	YES
5	Hot Rolled flat products of alloy or non-alloy Steel	China PR, Japan, Russia, Korea RP, Brazil and Indonesia	AD	OI	10-04-2017	YES	YES
6	Hydrogen Peroxide	Bangladesh, Chinese Taipei, Korea RP, Indonesia, Pakistan and Thailand	AD	OI	11-04-2017	YES	YES
7	Pentaerythritol	China PR	AD	SSR	12-05-2017	YES	YES
8	Sewing Machine Needles	China PR	AD	SSR	23-05-2017	YES	YES
9	Textured tempered glass whether coated and uncoated	China PR	AD	OI	20-06-2017	YES	YES
10	Caustic Soda	Iran, Saudi Arabia and USA	AD	MTR	20-06-2017	YES	YES
11	Polytetrafluorethylene (PTFE)	China PR	AD	SSR	23-06-2017	YES	YES
12	Opal Glassware	China PR and UAE	AD	SSR	03-07-2017	YES	YES

Findings issued during 2017-18							
S.N.	Product	Countries involved	Investigation	Type	Date of Final Finding	Whether measure recommended by DGTR	Whether measure imposed by DoR
13	Styrene Butadiene Rubber	EU, Korea RP and Thailand	AD	OI	12-07-2017	YES	YES
14	Sodium Nitrite (SSR-3)	China PR	AD	SSR	19-07-2017	YES	YES
15	Soda Ash	China PR, EU, Kenya, Pakistan, Iran, Ukraine and USA	AD	MTR	22-07-2017	NO	NA
16	Soda Ash	Turkey & Russia	AD	MTR	22-07-2017	NO	NA
17	Certain Castings for Wind Operated Electricity Generators/Windmills	China PR	AD	OI	28-07-2017	YES	YES
18	Caustic Soda	Thailand Chinese Taipei and Norway	AD	SSR	31-07-2017	NO	NA
19	Ammonium Nitrate	Russia, Indonesia, Georgia and Iran	AD	OI	01-08-2017	YES	YES
20	Radial tyres with or without tubes and or flap of rubber including tubeless tyres having nomina	China PR	AD	OI	01-08-2017	YES	YES
21	1-Phenyl-3-Methyl-5-Pyrazolone (SSR-2)	China PR	AD	SSR	09-08-2017	NO	NA
22	Sodium Chlorate	Canada, People's Republic of China and EU	AD	OI	10-08-2017	YES	YES

Findings issued during 2017-18							
S.N.	Product	Countries involved	Investigation	Type	Date of Final Finding	Whether measure recommended by DGTR	Whether measure imposed by DoR
23	Cold Rolled Flat Products of Stainless Steel width 600 mm to 1250 mm	China PR,EU,South Africa,Taiwan, Thailand, USA and Korea	AD	AC	18-08-2017	YES	YES
24	Para nitroaniline PNA	China PR	AD	SSR	29-08-2017	YES	YES
25	Colour Coated Pre painted Flat Products alloy non alloy steel	China PR & European Union	AD	OI	30-08-2017	YES	YES
26	Wire Rod of Alloy or Non Alloy Steel	China PR	AD	OI	30-08-2017	YES	YES
27	Non Woven Fabric	Malaysia, Indonesia, Thailand, Saudi Arabia and China PR	AD	OI	02-09-2017	NO	NA
28	Rubber Chemicals, namely, TDQ & PX-13 originating in or exported from the European Union and MOR and MBTS originating in or exported from the Peoples Republic of China	EU and China PR	AD	SSR	02-09-2017	YES	YES
29	Geogrid_Geostrips_Geostrips made of Polyester or Glass Fiber in all its forms	China PR	AD	SSR	09-11-2017	Terminated	NA
30	Cellophane Transparent Film	China PR	AD	SSR	09-11-2017	Terminated	NA
31	Metronidazole	China PR	AD	SSR	09-11-2017	Terminated	NA

Findings issued during 2017-18							
S.N.	Product	Countries involved	Investigation	Type	Date of Final Finding	Whether measure recommended by DGTR	Whether measure imposed by DoR
32	Phosphoric Acid of all grades and all concentrations excluding Agriculture/Fertilizer Grade	Israel & Taiwan	AD	SSR	09-11-2017	Terminated	NA
33	Phosphoric Acid-Technical Grade and Food Grade	China PR	AD	NSR	23-11-2017	Terminated	NA
34	Normal Butanol or N-BUTYL ALCOHOL	Saudi Arabia	AD	OI	28-11-2017	NO	NA
35	Napthalene-Crude and Refined	China PR, European Union & Taiwan	AD	OI	29-11-2017	Subjudice	NA
36	Ceramic Tablewares and Kitchen wares, excluding knives and toilet items	China PR	AD	OI	08-12-2017	YES	YES
37	Polybutadiene Rubber	Korea PR, Russia, South Africa, Iran & Singapore	AD	OI	11-12-2017	NO	NA
38	Toluene DiIsocyanate-(TDI)	China PR, Japan and Korea RP	AD	OI	14-12-2017	YES	YES
39	O-Acids	China PR	AD	OI	19-12-2017	YES	YES
40	Oflaxacin	China PR	AD	OI	22-12-2017	YES	YES
41	Saccharin	China PR	AD	SSR	30-12-2017	NO	NA
42	Sulphonated Naphthalene, Formaldehyde	China PR	AD	OI	30-12-2017	YES	YES
43	Resorcinol	China PR, Japan	AD	OI	04-01-2018	YES	YES

Findings issued during 2017-18							
S.N.	Product	Countries involved	Investigation	Type	Date of Final Finding	Whether measure recommended by DGTR	Whether measure imposed by DoR
44	Synthetic Nylon Filament Yarn (Nylon Filament Yarn)	China PR, Chiese Taipei, Malayisia, Thailand and Korea RP	AD	SSR	05-01-2018	NO	NA
45	Caustic Soda	Japan and Qatar	AD	OI	10-01-2018	NO	NA
46	Polyester Staple Fibre	China PR, Indonesia, Malaysia and Thailand	AD	OI	25-01-2018	NO	NA
47	Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK)	China PR., Japan , South Africa & Taiwan.	AD	OI	01-02-2018	YES	YES
48	Monoisopropyl Amine (MIPA)	China PR	AD	OI	12-02-2018	YES	YES
49	Engineered Wood Flooring	China, Malaysia, Indonesia, European Union	AD	OI	13-02-2018	YES	YES
50	Melamine	EU, Iran, Indonesia and Japan	AD	SSR	19-02-2018	NO	NA
51	Dimethyl Acetamide(DMAC)	China PR and Turkey	AD	OI	21-02-2018	YES	YES
52	Fishing Nets	China, Bangladesh	AD	OI	05-03-2018	YES	YES
53	Glassware	China PR and Indonesia	AD	OI	05-03-2018	YES	YES
54	Phosphorus pentaoxide	China PR	AD	OI	05-03-2018	YES	YES
55	Playing Cards	China PR	AD	OI	07-03-2018	NO	NA
56	Solar Cells, Modules	China PR, Taiwan, Malayasia	AD	OI	23-03-2018	Terminated	NA
57	Ceramic rollers	China PR	AD	OI	26-03-2018	NO	NA

Findings issued during 2018-19							
S.N.	Product	Countries involved	Investigation	Type	Date of Final Finding	Whether measure recommended by DGTR	Whether measure imposed by DoR
1	Acrylic Fibres	Belarus, Ukraine, China PR, Chinese Taipei, EU and Peru	AD	OI	16-04-2018	NO	NA
2	Gypsum Plaster Board	UAE, China PR, Thailand, Indonesia	AD	SSR	19-04-18	NO	NA
3	Viscose Filament Yarn	China PR	AD	SSR	20-04-18	NO	NA
4	Partially oriented yarn	China PR	AD	SSR	23-04-18	NO	NA
5	Digital Offset Printing Plates	CHINA PR	AD	SSR	23-04-18	NO	NA
6	Fatty Alcohols	Indonesia, Thailand, Malaysia, Saudi Arabia	AD	OI	23-04-18	YES	YES
7	Dioctyl Phthalate	Chinese Taipei, Korea RP	AD	OI	27-04-18	NO	NA
8	Meta-Phenylene Diamene-4-Sulphonic Acid	China PR	AD	OI	16-05-18	Terminated	NA
9	High Tenacity Polyester Yarn	China PR	AD	OI	24-05-18	YES	YES
10	Sodium Dichromate	Russia, South Africa, kazakhstan, Turkey	AD	OI	07-06-18	NO	NA
11	Grinding Media Balls	Thailand, China PR	AD	SSR	11-06-18	YES	YES

Findings issued during 2018-19							
S.N.	Product	Countries involved	Investigation	Type	Date of Final Finding	Whether measure recommended by DGTR	Whether measure imposed by DoR
12	Belting Fabrics	China PR	AD	OI	30-06-18	NO	NA
13	Tetrafluoroethylene or R-134A	China PR	AD	NSR	26-07-18	NO	NA
14	Sodium Nitrite	Russia	AD	OI	30-07-18	NO	NA
15	Chopped Strand Mat (CSM)	Thailand	AD	AC	30-07-18	YES	YES
16	Sodium Nitrite	EU	AD	MTR	30-07-18	YES	YES
17	Caustic Soda	Saudi Arabia, Iran**, Japan** and USA	AD	SSR	01-08-18	NO	NA
18	Synthetic Filament Yarn of Nylon (Nylon Filament Yarn)	EU and Vietnam	AD	OI	06-08-18	YES	NO
19	Graphite Electrodes	China PR	AD	MTR	08-08-2018	NO	NA
20	Flat Base Steel Wheels	China PR	AD	SSR	09-08-2018	YES	YES

Findings issued during 2018-19							
S.N.	Product	Countries involved	Investigation	Type	Date of Final Finding	Whether measure recommended by DGTR	Whether measure imposed by DoR
21	Straight length Bars and Rod of alloy or non alloy Steel	China PR	AD	OI	05-09-2018	YES	YES
22	Phthalic Anhydride	Korea, Chinese Taipei, Israel	AD	SSR	12-09-2018	NO	NA
23	Flax Yarn of below 70 Lea Count	China PR	AD	OI	18-09-2018	YES	YES
24	Speciality Polyester Film	China PR, Hong Kong, Korea	AD	OI	28-09-2018	NO	NA
25	Dimethyl Formamide	China PR, Saudi Arabia & Germany	AD	OI	23-10-18	NO	NA
26	Ofloxacin Ester	China PR	AD	AC	24-10-2018	YES	YES
27	Zeolite-4A	China PR	AD	OI	29-10-18	YES	YES
28	Uncoated Paper	Indonesia, Thailand and Singapore.	AD	OI	30-10-18	YES	YES
29	Jute Products viz-Jute yarn/ Twine	Bangladesh	AD	NSR	22-11-2018	Terminated	NA
30	Jute Products” viz – Jute Yarn/ Twine (multiple folded/cabled and single), Hessian Fabric and Jute Sacking Bags	Bangladesh and Nepal	AD	NSR	22-11-2018	YES	YES

Findings issued during 2018-19							
S.N.	Product	Countries involved	Investigation	Type	Date of Final Finding	Whether measure recommended by DGTR	Whether measure imposed by DoR
31	Methylene Chloride	EU, USA and Korea RP	AD	SSR	22-11-2018	YES	YES
32	Meta Phenylene Diamene	China PR	AD	SSR	13-12-2018	YES	YES
33	Persulphates	China PR and USA	AD	SSR	14-12-2018	NO	NA
34	Coated Paper	China PR, EU, Indonesia, Korea, USA	AD	OI	26-12-2018	NO	NA
35	Fluoroelastomers (FKM)	China PR	AD	OI	27-12-2018	YES	YES
36	Nitrocellulose damped in Isopropyl Alcohol (IPA based NC)	Brazil, Indonesia, Thailand and China PR	AD	OI	31-12-2018	YES	YES
37	Cold Rolled Flat Products of Stainless Steel	Korea	AD	MTR (Name change)	31-12-18	YES	YES
38	Cold Rolled Flat Products of Stainless Steel	Korea	AD	MTR (Name change)	31-12-18	YES	YES
39	High Tenacity Polyester Yarn	China PR	AD	MTR (Name change)	07-01-19	YES	YES
40	Nonyl Phenol	Chinese Taipei	AD	SSR	11-01-2019	NO	NA

Findings issued during 2018-19							
S.N.	Product	Countries involved	Investigation	Type	Date of Final Finding	Whether measure recommended by DGTR	Whether measure imposed by DoR
41	4 4 Diamini Stilbene 2 2 Disulphonic Acid DASDA	China PR	AD	SSR	15-01-2019	NO	NA
42	Epoxy Resin	China PR, EU, Korea RP, Taiwan and Thailand	AD	OI	15-01-2019	Terminated	NA
43	Textured Tempered Coated and Uncoated Glass	Malaysia	AD	OI	17-01-2019	YES	YES
44	Paracetamol	China PR	AD	SSR	29-01-2019	NO	NA
45	Ethyl Vinyl Acetate Sheet	China PR, Malaysia, Saudi Arabia, and Thailand	AD	OI	21-02-2019	YES	YES
46	Acetone	EU, SA, Singapore, USA	AD	SSR	05-03-2019	YES	YES
47	Soda Ash	Russia and Turkey	AD	SSR	14-03-2019	NO	NA
48	Jute Products (Sacking Bags)	Bangladesh	AD	AC	19-03-2019	YES	YES
49	Saccharin	Indonesia	AD	OI	29-03-2019	YES	YES
50	Aluminium Road Wheels	China PR, Korea RP, Thailand	AD	SSR	29-03-2019	YES	YES

Findings issued during 2019-20							
S.N.	Product	Countries involved	Investigation	Type	Date of Final Finding	Whether measure recommended by DGTR	Whether measure imposed by DoR
1	Ductile Iron Pipes	China PR	AD	SSR	01-04-19	NO	NA
2	Jute	Bangladesh	AD	NSR	02-05-19	NO	NA

Findings issued during 2019-20						
S.N.	Product	Countries involved	Investigation	Type	Date of Final Finding	Whether

Findings issued during 2020-21							
S.N	Product	Countries involved	Investigation	Type	Date of Final Finding	Whether measure recommended by DGTR	Whether measure imposed by DoR
1	Sodium Citrate	China PR	AD	SSR	30-04-2020	YES	YES
2	Polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE)	Korea RP	AD	AC	08-05-2020	Terminated	NA
3	Digital offset printing plates	China PR, Japan, Korea, Taiwan, Vietnam	AD	OI	15-05-2020	YES	YES
4	Polystyrene	Iran, Malaysia, Singapore, Chinese Taipei, UAE and USA	AD	OI	12-06-2020	YES	NO
5	Coated/Plated tin mill flat rolled steel-products	EU, Japan, USA, Korea	AD	OI	17-06-2020	YES	NO
6	Measuring Tapes	China PR	AD	SSR	18-06-2020	YES	YES
7	Phosphoric Acid of all grades and concentrations (excluding Agriculture/Fertilizer)	Korea RP	AD	SSR	06-08-2020	YES	YES
8	Clear Float Glass	Malaysia	AD	OI	20-08-2020	YES	YES
9	Choline Chloride	China, EU, Malaysia, Vietnam	AD	SSR	25-08-2020	YES	NO
10	Acrylic Fibre	Thailand	AD	SSR	31-08-2020	YES	NO
11	Acrylic Fibre	Belarus, EU, Peru, Ukraine	AD	OI	01-09-2020	YES	NO
12	Flexible Slabstock Polyol	Saudi Arabia and UAE	AD	OI	01-09-2020	YES	YES
13	DPP Red	China PR	AD	SSR	08-09-2020	YES	NO
14	Acetone	Korea, Taiwan and Saudi Arabia	AD	SSR	29-09-2020	YES	NO
15	Hot Rolled Flat products of Stainless Steel-304 grade	China PR, Korea RP, Malaysia	AD	SSR	29-09-2020	YES	NO

Findings issued during 2020-21							
S.N	Product	Countries involved	Investigation	Type	Date of Final Finding	Whether measure recommended by DGTR	Whether measure imposed by DoR
16	Certain Glass Fibre and articles thereof	China PR	AD	MTR-PSR	03-10-2020	NO	NA
17	Dimethyl Acetamide	China and Turkey	AD	MTR	14-10-2020	YES	YES
18	Flax Fabric	China PR and Hong Kong	AD	SSR	17-10-2020	YES	YES
19	Flouro Elastomers	China PR	AD	SSR	19-10-2020	YES	YES
20	PVC Paste Resin	Korea	AD	MTR (NC)	29-10-2020	YES	YES
21	Toluene DiIsocyanate-(TDI)	Korea	AD	MTR (NC)	29-10-2020	YES	YES
22	Caustic Soda	China PR and Korea	AD	SSR	29-10-2020	YES	NO
23	Nylon Tyre Cord Fabric	China PR	AD	SSR	29-10-2020	YES	NO
24	Mono Ethylene Glycol	Kuwait, Oman, Saudi Arabia, UAE and Singapore	AD	OI	20-11-2020	Terminated	NA
25	Acrylonitrile Butadiene Rubber (NBR)	Korea RP	AD	SSR	24-11-2020	YES	NO
26	All Fully Drawn yarn	China PR and Thailand	AD	SSR	24-11-2020	YES	NO
27	Certain Float Glass	China PR	AD	MTR-PSR	26-11-2020	YES	NO
28	Float Glass	China PR	AD	SSR	26-11-2020	YES	NO
29	Pneumatic Radial Tyres	Thailand	AD	OI	27-11-2020	YES	NO
30	Polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE)	Russia	AD	MTR	18-12-2020	YES	NO
31	Faced Glasswool in Rolls	China PR	AD	OI	22-12-2020	YES	YES
32	Carbon black used in rubber applications	China and Korea	AD	SSR	22-12-2020	YES	NO

Findings issued during 2020-21							
S.N	Product	Countries involved	Investigation	Type	Date of Final Finding	Whether measure recommended by DGTR	Whether measure imposed by DoR
33	Phenol	South Africa	AD	SSR	22-12-2020	YES	NO
34	Stainless Steel Flat Products	China, Korea, EU, Japan, Taiwan, Indonesia, USA, Thailand, South Africa, UAE, Hong Kong, Singapore, Mexico, Vietnam, Malaysia	AD	OI	23-12-2020	YES	NO
35	Front Axle Beam and Stering Knuckles	China PR	AD	SSR	24-12-2020	YES	YES
36	PET Resin	China PR	AD	OI	28-12-2020	YES	YES
37	Viscose Spun Yarn	China PR, Indonesia and Vietnam	AD	OI	31-12-2020	YES	NO
38	Phthalic Anhydride	Japan and Russia	AD	SSR	05-01-2021	YES	NO
39	Ciprofloxacin Hydrochloride	China	AD	OI	07-01-2021	YES	YES
40	Plain Medium Density Fiber Board	China PR, Malaysia, Sri Lanka, Thailand	AD	SSR	08-01-2021	YES	NO
41	Newsprint	Australia, Canada, EU, Hong Kong, Russia, Singapore, UAE	AD	OI	10-01-2021	YES	NO
42	Dimethyl Formamide (DMF)	China and Saudi Arabia	AD	OI	11-01-2021	YES	NO
43	Soda Ash	Turkey and USA	AD	OI	19-01-2021	YES	NO
44	Aniline	China PR	AD	OI	20-01-2021	YES	YES

Findings issued during 2020-21							
S.N	Product	Countries involved	Investigation	Type	Date of Final Finding	Whether measure recommended by DGTR	Whether measure imposed by DoR
45	Cold Rolled Stainless Steel	Korea, European Union, South Africa, Taiwan, Thailand and USA	AD	SSR	20-01-2021	YES	NO
46	Methylene Chloride	China PR.	AD	SSR	20-01-2021	YES	NO
47	Nylon Filament Yarn	EU & Vietnam	AD	MTR-PSR	22-01-2021	YES	YES
48	Polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE)	China PR	AD	AC	27-01-2021	YES	YES
49	Black Toner	China PR, Malaysia, Taiwan	AD	OI	28-01-2021	YES	YES
50	1-Phenyl-3-Methyl-5-Pyrazolone	China PR	AD	OI	28-01-2021	YES	YES
51	Toulene Di Isocyanate	EU, Saudi Arabia, Taiwan, UAE	AD	OI	28-01-2021	YES	YES
52	Phenol	Thailand and USA	AD	OI	28-01-2021	YES	NO
53	2 Ethyl Hexanol	European Union, Indonesia, Malaysia, Korea RP, Taiwan, USA	AD	SSR	08-03-2021	YES	YES
54	N-BUTYL ALCOHOL (NBA)	European Union, Malaysia, Singapore, South Africa and United States of America.	AD	SSR	30-03-2021	YES	YES

Note:-	
DGTR	Directorate General of Trade Remedies
DoR	Department of Revenue
AD	Anti-Dumping
SSR	Sun Set Review
NSR	New Shipper Review

MTR	Mid Term Review
AC	Anti-Circumvention
NA	Not Applicable
